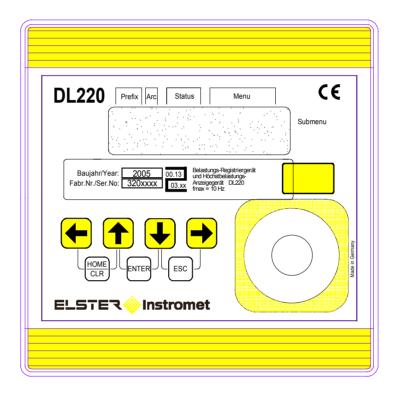
Short-Form Instructions



Please note:

The present short-form instructions are used for description of the main functions and are just an abridgement of the complete operating manual (73017706).

Attention should be paid to the operational manual.

DL220

Short-Form of the operating manual V1.00

Short-Form Instructions:73018333

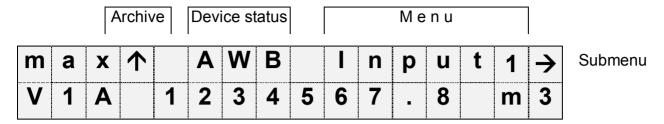
SW-Version: V1.00 and above

Edition: 15.09.2005 (b) Print Run:

Elster-Instromet GmbH 1

1 Display

Basic layout of the display:



Both lines in the display are subdivided into fields which are described below.

1.1 Line 1 = Labels

The first line is subdivided into the following five fields:

1. Type of computation (the first three characters without labels on the front panel)

The type of computation identifies so-called "initial values" (also termed "capture values"). These are values which have been formed over a time period (e.g. the adjustable measurement period or one month). Labels:

max
 Maximum – highest value within the time range
 min
 Minimum – lowest value within the time range
 Δ Change – volume within the time range
 Ø Mean – mean within the time range

2. Archive

If an arrow points upwards to the label "Archive", then the displayed value is an archived value. This was frozen at a defined point in time and cannot be changed.

3. Device status

Here a maximum of three of the most important items of status information are continually shown.

A <u>flashing character</u> signifies that the relevant state is still present and the relevant message is present in the momentary status.

A <u>non-flashing character</u> signifies that the relevant state is past, but the message in the status register has not yet been cleared.

Meaning of the letters:

- A "Alert"

At least one status message has occurred which is valid as an alert. Alert messages are copied into the status register and are retained here, even after rectification of the cause of the error, until they are manually cleared.

- W "Warning"

At least one status message has occurred which is valid as a warning. Warning messages are copied into the status register and are retained here, even after rectification of the cause of the error, until they are manually cleared.

B "Battery low"

The remaining battery service life is less than 3 months.

P "Programming mode"

The programming lock (calibration lock) is open.

- o "On-line"

A data transfer via the optical or permanently wired interface is running. In each case the other interface cannot then be used.

4. Menu

Here is displayed to which list according to Chapter 1 the currently displayed value belongs. In submenus (indicated by an arrow to the left, see below) its name is displayed which is identical to the abbreviated designation of the entry point.

5. Submenu

- → (Arrow to the right)
 indicates that the displayed value is the entry point of a submenu. This can be called with
 the key [ENTER].
- ← (Arrow to the left)
 indicates that you are located in a submenu which can be quit with the key [ESC]. On
 pressing [ESC] you are returned to the entry point of the submenu.

1.2 Line 2 = Value with name and unit

In the second line the name, value and (when available) the unit of the data are always shown.

Uncalibrated values are identified for the user with an asterisk ("*") after the abbreviated designation.

For use outside of applications subject to calibration, the unit can also be obtained without the identification of uncalibrated values.

Example of uncalibrated values:

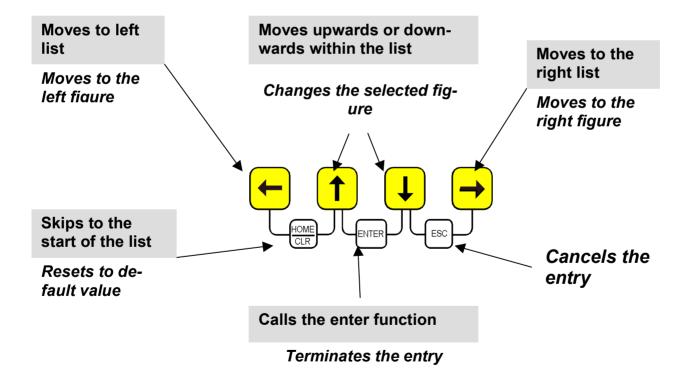


Example of calibrated values:

V	1			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	•	8	m	3
	1	1 1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	i	1		

1.3 Meaning of the keypad

The meaning of the keypad depends on whether only values are being recalled (operation – highlighted in colour) or whether the DL220 is located in the input mode (shown in italics).



2 Formation of the list structure

2.1 Summary charts, List Structure (1)

	Input x is counter input					
\Leftrightarrow	Vx	Main counter Ex				
I1 to	Vx.A	Adjustable counter Ex				
"User"	Qx	Flow rate Ex				
	L.Mix	Limit for monitoring Ex				
	Md.lx	Mode Ex				
	MdMlx	Mode for monitoring Ex				
	SC.lx	Source for monitoring Ex				
	cp.lx	cp value Ex				
	SNM	Serial number, counter x				
	DS.Ca	DS-100 – number for Vx				
	DS.Cb	DS-100 – number for Vx.A	4			
	CuNo	Customer number Ex				
Mp.lx		Measurement period Ex				
MP.Re		Remain'g time in meas. period Ex				
	Δ Vx.Mp	Incr. meas. period counter	r Ex			
	Δ VxM.L	Last meas. period value E	Σx			
	max Vx.Mp	Max. meas. per. counter Ex current month *	U1			
	max VxM.L	Max. meas. per. counter Ex last month *	U1			
	DB.lx	Day boundary for Ex				
	Δ Vx.Dy	Current day counter Ex				
	Δ VxD.L	Last day value Ex				
max Vx.Dy		Max. day counter Ex current month *	U2			
	max VxD.L	Max. day counter Ex last month*	U2			
	Arx.1	Month archive Ex	U3			
	Arx.2	Meas. period archive Ex	U4			
	Frx.2	Meas. period archive Ex f	rozen			

I	Input x is signalling input				
ST.	lx	Status signal input Ex	\Leftrightarrow		
Md	lx	Mode input x	I2 to		
MdN	MdMIx Mode for monitoring Ex		"Status"		

Notes:

or

- "x" can assume the value 1 or 2; e.g.: V1 or V2
- For significance of the short designations: see Chap. 3 and Appendix C.
- Submenus are arranged under "U1" - "U4" (see Chapter: 2.4.3)
- * for flow recording and high flow display

Mp.I1,MP.I2 Measurement period, Input 1

Setting of the measurement period for saving the data records (counter readings) in the archive of Input 1. The output is given right-justified in minutesSummary charts, List Structure (2)

2.2 Summary charts, List Structure (2)

Status \Leftrightarrow Total status register S.Reg U5 to U6 Stat Total momentary status "Inp.2" Clr Clear total status register U7 Logb Log book AudTr List of modifications U8

System						
Time	Time and with "→ " to date					
MdTim	Summer / winter time on/off					
MCyc	Measurement cycle					
Disp	Permanent display on/off					
Aut.V	Time to automatic display changeover					
S.No	Serial number DL220					
Vers	Software version					
Chk	Checksum software					

 \Leftrightarrow

 \Leftrightarrow

 \Leftrightarrow to "Service"

 \Leftrightarrow to "System"

	Service					
Bat.R	Residual service life of battery					
Bat.C	Battery capacity					
VBatM	Modem battery voltage					
St.SL	Status of supplier's lock					
Cod.S	Supplier's combination					
St.CL	Status of customer's lock					
Cod.C	Customer's combination					
St.PL	Status calibration lock					
AdjTm	Correction factor, clock					
Save	Backup of all data					
Clr.V	Clear counters (incl. archives)					
Clr.X	Execute restart					
Addr	User-specific display					
diverse Value of the user-specific disp						
Dis	Display test (all segments flash)					

	Output	
Md.O1	Md.O1 Mode, Signal Output 1	
SC.01	Source, Signal Output 1	to
cp.O1	cp value, Signal Output 1	"Interface"
SpO1	SpO1 Signal for Status Output 1	
Bu.O1	Bu.O1 Output of pulse memory	
Md.O2	Md.O2 Mode, Signal Output O2	
SC.02	SC.O2 Source, Signal Output O2	
cp.O2	cp.O2 cp value, Signal Output O2	
Spo2	Signal for Status Output O2	
Bu.O2	Output of pulse memory	

MCyc Measurement cycle

Time interval at which all data (e.g. meter readings, measurements, time) are updated. Reaction to events can only take place on this cycle (e.g.: end of measurement period). The display is also only updated on the measurement cycle. The measurement cycle is superimposed right-justified as a unit and numerical value.

- **F** The shorter the time is selected, the more often the measurements are updated and the more the battery service life is reduced!
- The measurement cycle can only be set to a multiple or to an integer divisor of 60 seconds (e.g.: 15s, 60s, 120s, 180s, Default: 300s).
- (B) The measurement cycle must also be matched to the measurement periods used; e.g.: with a measurement cycle of 120 s a measurement period of 5 leads to asynchronous saving of data (06:00; 06:06(!); 06:10).

2.3 Summary charts, List Structure (3)

 \Leftrightarrow

 \Leftrightarrow to "Output"

	Interface					
GSM.N	Network operator					
GSM.L	GSM reception level					
P.Sta	Status PIN of SIM card (GSM)					
Pin	Entry of SIM-PIN					
EvSMS	Event for triggering an SM					
Num.T	Number of ringing tones before accepting call					
Bd.S1	Baud-rate identification, optical interface					
CW1.S	Call time window 1, start					
CW1.E	Call time window 1, end					
CW2.S	Call time window 2, start					
CW2.E	Call time window 2, end					
Resp1	Response to Spont. Signal 1					
Resp2	Response to Spont. Signal 2					
Send	Release spontaneous signal					

	User					
1	User Value 1					
2	User Value 1					
3	User Value 1					
4	User Value 1					
5	User Value 1					
6	User Value 1					
7	User Value 1					
8	User Value 1					
9	User Value 1					
10	User Value 1					
11	User Value 1					
12	User Value 1					

 \Leftrightarrow

to

"Inp.1"

2.4 Overview of the message numbers

Momentary status		Stat	St.Sy	St.1	St.2	St.3	St.4
Status regis- ter		S.Reg	SR.Sy	SR.1	SR.2	SR.3	SR.4
No. Type		Group message	System message	Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4
01	Α	Any mes- sage 01	Restart	-	-	-	-
02	A	-	-	-	-	-	-
03	W	Any mes- sage 03	Data restore	-	-	-	-
04	W	Any mes- sage 04	-	Output 1 Error	Output 2 Error	-	-
05	W	Any mes- sage 05	1	Input 1 Pulse cmp	Input 2 Pulse cmp	-	-
06	W	Any mes- sage 06	HW fault	Input 1 Warn Lim.	Input 2 Warn Lim.	-	-
07	W	Any mes- sage 07	SW fault	-	-	-	-
08	W	Any mes- sage 08	Setting error	Input 1 Warn.sig.	Input 2 Warn.sig.	-	-
09	R	Any mes- sage 09	Battery low	-	-	-	Battery 2 low
10	R	Any mes- sage 10	-	-	-	-	-
11	R	Any mes- sage 11	Clock n. set	-	-	-	-
12	R	Any mes- sage 12	-	Input 1 Limit	Input 2 Limit	-	-
13	R	Any mes- sage 13	online	-	-	-	-
14	R	Any mes- sage 14	-	Calibration lock open	Manufacturer lock open	Supplier lock open	Customer lock open
15	I	Any mes- sage 15	Battery opera- tion	-	-	-	-
16	I	Any mes- sage 16	Dayl.Sav. Time aktiv	Call Win.1	Call Win.2		-

¹ A = Alert; W = Warning; R = Report; I = Information