

Honeywell

krom
schroder

Pressure switch for gas DG..C

Technical Information · GB
4 Edition 09.18

- Little space required thanks to compact dimensions
- Double pressure switch for minimum and maximum gas pressure monitoring in one unit
- Customized versions with fixed switching points can be supplied by agreement
- Several connection facilities using various lower sections
- Available with sealant-coated external thread
- Certified for systems up to SIL 3 and PL e

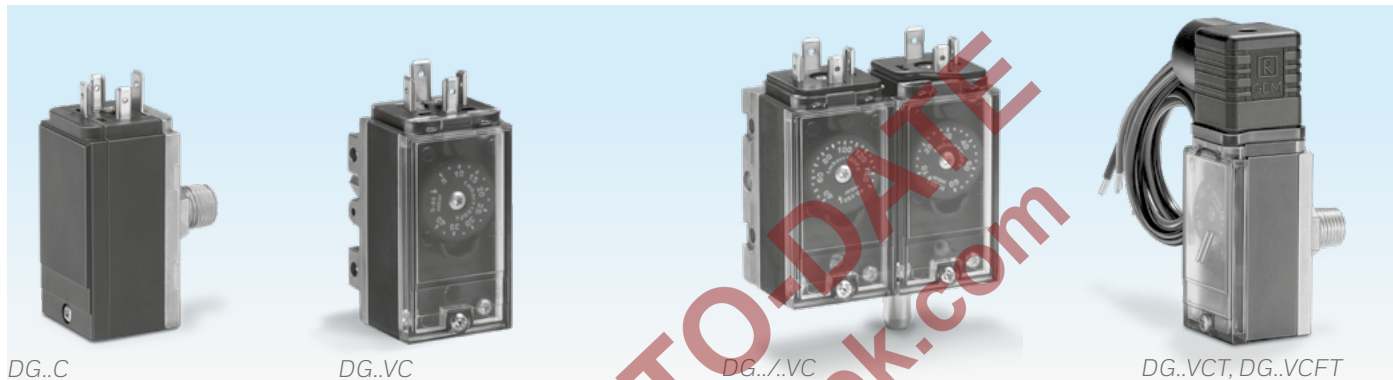


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1 Application



DG..C

The switching point can be set at the factory on request

DG..VC

With hand wheel for continuous switching point adjustment

DG../.VC

Double pressure switch with hand wheels for FM approved min. and max. switching point adjustment and UL listed

DG..VCT, DG..VCFT

DG..C monitors the increasing or decreasing positive pressure of natural gas, town gas, LPG, flue gas, biologically produced methane and air e.g. on a gas control line.

If the gas pressure either exceeds or falls short of a set switching point, an NO contact or a change-over contact will switch in the pressure switch. With the DG..VC, the switching point may be adjusted using a hand wheel, see page 17 (Adjusting range, switching hysteresis).

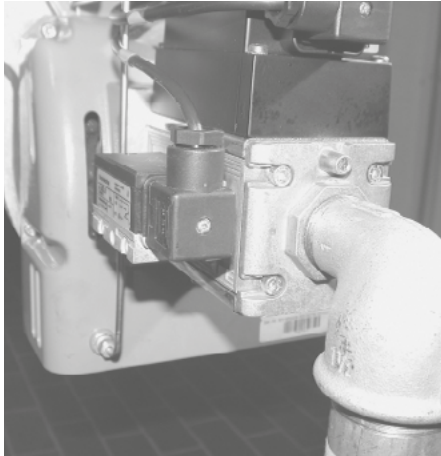
The DG..VC is suitable for heating boilers, for example, which are operated with LPG as well as natural gas.

In the case of the double pressure switch DG../.VC, the minimum and maximum switching point can be set on two hand wheels. Using this function, a system is

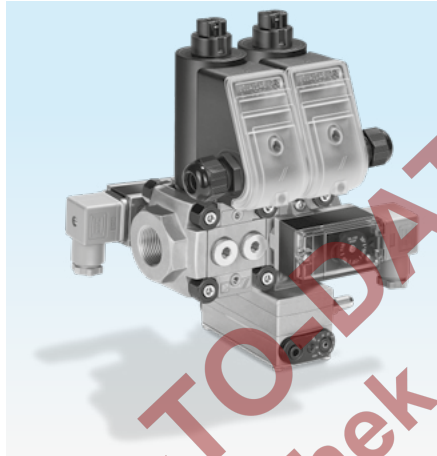
controlled to prevent gas deficiencies and excess gas pressure. For pressure control it requires only one gas connection. The electrical connections can be fed in from one direction, see page 14 (Wiring).

For attachment to gas solenoid valves or pressure regulators from the valVario range, or to CG combination controls, the DG..C is attached to the control with the flat sealing lower section.

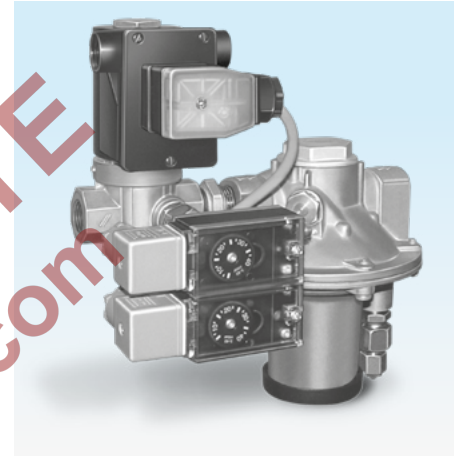
The pressure switch DG..C is easy to install and is available with an internal or an external thread connection. For the external thread connection, the DG..C can be provided with a sealant. The sealant is approved and non-setting.



For monitoring the gas inlet pressure on heating burners



Compact design for space-saving installation, e.g. on valVario controls



Double pressure switch DG..VC fitted onto gas solenoid valve VG



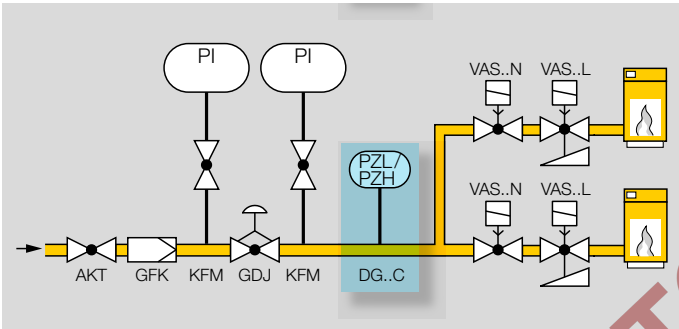
Gas inlet pressure monitoring on high-performance boilers



Gas train in a brickworks

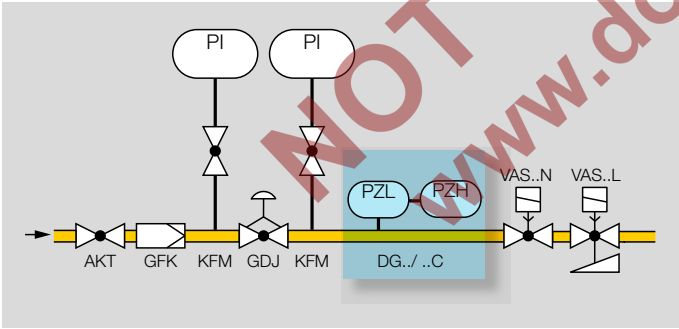
1.1 Examples of application

1.1.1 Boilers



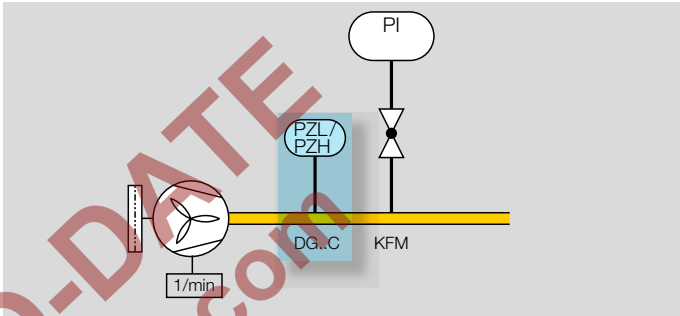
The DG..C controls the minimum or maximum gas inlet pressure on high-performance boilers.

1.1.2 Low-pressure cut-off and high gas pressure protection device



If the pressure is either too high or too low, the double pressure switch DG../..C switches in order to avoid start-up or to initiate a safety shut-down.

1.1.3 Fan monitoring



On forced draught burners, the minimum or maximum pressure is retrieved by the burner control unit via the pressure switch DG..C. If the set switching point is exceeded or undershot, the fan will either be switched on or off by the burner control unit.

2 Certification

Certificates – see Docuthek

Certified to SIL and PL



For systems up to SIL 3 pursuant to EN 61508 and PL e pursuant to ISO 13849

EU certified pursuant to



- 2014/35/EU (LVD) – Low Voltage Directive
- 2014/30/EU (EMC) – Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- (EU) 2016/426 (GAR) – Gas Appliances Regulation
- EN 13611:2015+AC:2016
- EN 1854:2010

AGA approved



Australian Gas Association, Approval No.:5484
http://www.agasafety.com.au/product_directory

Eurasian Customs Union



The product DG..C meets the technical specifications of the Eurasian Customs Union.

FM approved



Factory Mutual Research Class: 3510 Flow and pressure safety switches. Designed for applications pursuant to NFPA 85 and NFPA 86. www.approvalguide.com

Certification

UL listed

DG..CT, DG..CFT with socket

USA and Canada



Underwriters Laboratories – UL 353 Limit control. www.ul.com → Tools (at the bottom of the page) → Online Certifications Directory

UR approval

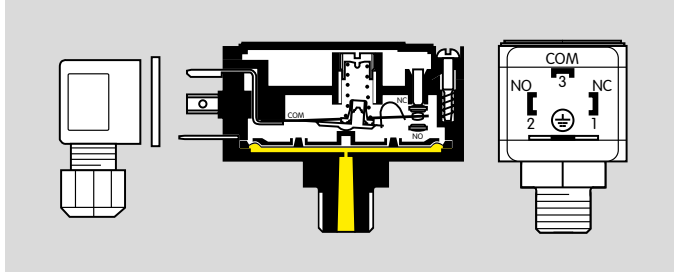
DG..CT, DG..CFT without socket

USA and Canada



Underwriters Laboratories – UL 353 Limit control. www.ul.com → Tools (at the bottom of the page) → Online Certifications Directory

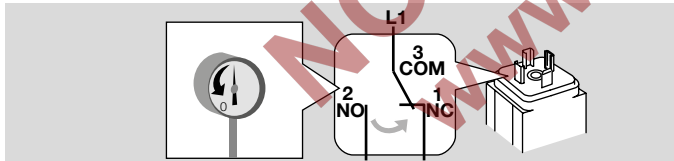
3 Function



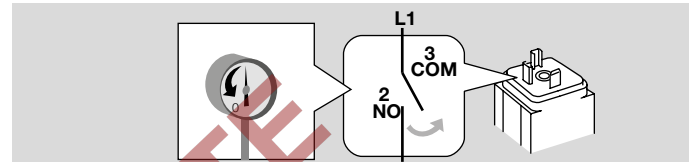
The pressure switch DG..C switches in the event of increasing or decreasing pressure. Once the set switching point is reached, a micro switch is activated in the DG..C which is designed as an NO contact (DG..C..S) or as a change-over contact (DG..C..W).

The scale values show the switch-off point for DG..VC and the switch-on point for DG..VCT.

Observe contact position for decreasing/increasing pressure control:



With the change-over contact, the contact switches from NO 2 to NC 1 for decreasing pressure control, from NC 1 to NO 2 for increasing pressure control.



With the NO contact, NC is omitted. The contact opens for decreasing pressure control, and closes for increasing pressure control.

3.1 DG..C in Zone 1 (21) and 2 (22) hazardous areas

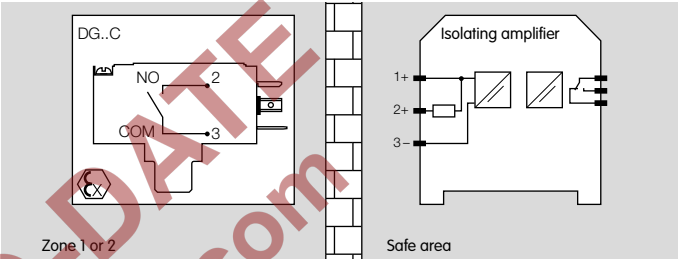
Pressure switch DG..C can be used in Zone 1 (21) and 2 (22) hazardous areas if an isolating amplifier is installed upstream in the safe area as “Ex-i” equipment pursuant to EN 60079-11 (VDE 0170-7):2012.

DG..C as “simple electrical equipment” pursuant to EN 60079-11:2012 corresponds to the Temperature class T6, Group II. The internal inductance/capacitance is $L_i = 0.2 \mu\text{H}/C_i = 8 \text{ pF}$.

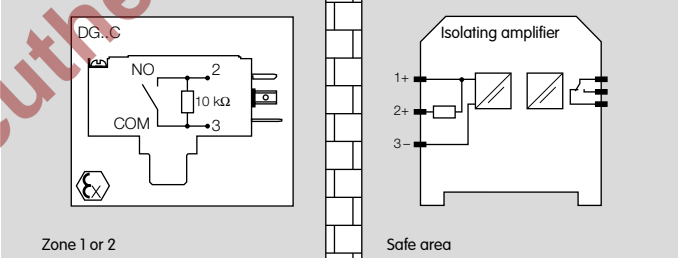
The isolating amplifier transfers the DG..C signals from the explosion-hazard area to the safe area. Depending on the design of the intrinsically safe circuit, the explosion-hazard area can be monitored for cable faults, cable breaks or short-circuits.

Ensure that standard-compliant wiring pursuant to EN 60079 is used.

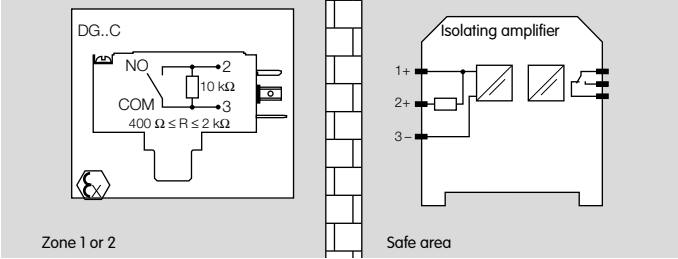
Intrinsically safe circuit without monitoring for cable faults



Intrinsically safe circuit with monitoring for cable breaks



Intrinsically safe circuit with monitoring for cable faults and short-circuits



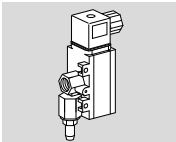
4 Selection

4.1 Selection table

Type	15	17	30	35	40	45	60	110	150	250	300	360	500	V	C	T	1	3	4	5	6	8	9	D 1)	-5	-6	S	W	G 1)
DG without hand wheel	●			●				●		●		●			●	○	○	○	●	○	●	○		●	●	●	●	○	
DG with hand wheel		●	●		●	●	●	●	●		●		●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	

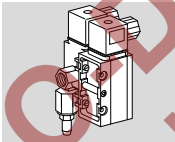
Order example

DG 110C4-6W



Order example

DG 110/110C4-6W



● = standard, ○ = available
¹⁾ If "none", this specification is omitted

4.2 Type code

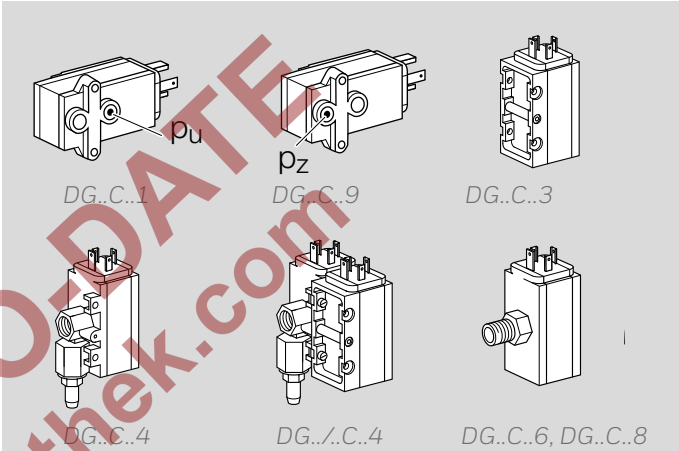
Code	Description
DG	Pressure switch for gas
15 - 500	Max. setting in mbar
/15 - /500 ¹⁾	Max. 2nd setting in mbar
V	Switching point adjustable on hand wheel
C	EU version, switches with falling pressure
CT	US version, switches with rising pressure
CFT	US version, switches with falling pressure
1	Attachment methods: Connection for valVario 2 x Rp 1/4 internal thread (1/4 NPT), 1 x pressure test point Rp 1/4 internal thread (1/4 NPT) Rp 1/8 external thread (1/8 NPT) Rp 1/4 external thread (1/4 NPT) Optional connection for valVario controls
4 ²⁾	
5 ²⁾	
6	
8	
9	
D	Sealant (for external thread only)
-5 ²⁾	4-pin plug, without socket
-6 ³⁾	4-pin plug, with socket
S	NO contact
W	Change-over contact
G	With gold-plated contacts

¹⁾ Double pressure switch only available with 2 x Rp 1/4 internal thread connection, of which 1 has a pressure test point attached.

²⁾ DG..VC..T with 4-pin plug, without socket is UR recognized.

³⁾ DG..VC..T with 4-pin plug, with socket and connection leads is UL listed.

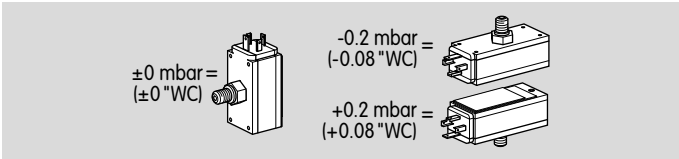
4.2.1 Attachment methods



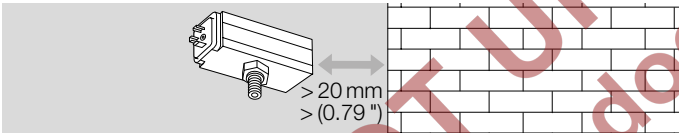
For further information on DG..C..1, inlet pressure connection p_u , and DG..C..9, interspace pressure connection p_z , see page 13 (DG..C..1, DG..C..9 for valVario controls).

5 Project planning information

5.1 Installation

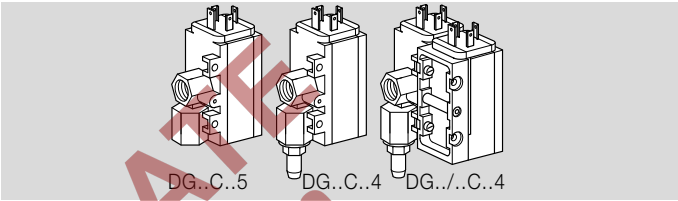


Installation in the vertical or horizontal position. If installed in a horizontal position, the pre-set switching point will change by 0.2 mbar (0.08 "WC). If the DG..C is installed with the plug pointing downwards, the enclosure is reduced to IP 40, see page 17 (Adjusting range, switching hysteresis).



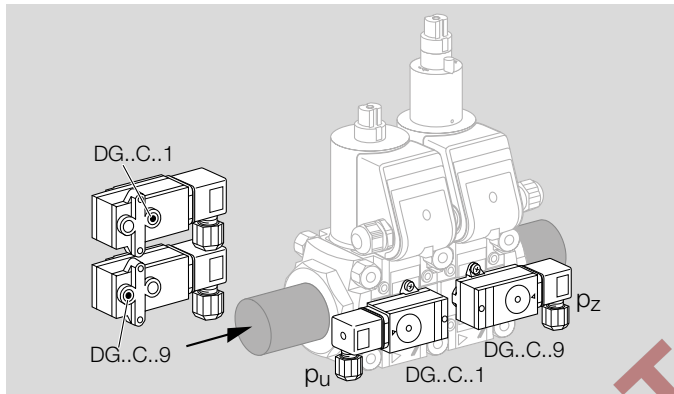
The DG..C must not be in contact with masonry. Minimum clearance 20 mm (0.79 inches). Ensure that there is sufficient installation space. With the pressure switch DG..VC, the adjustment and reading of the hand wheel must be guaranteed

5.1.1 DG..C..4



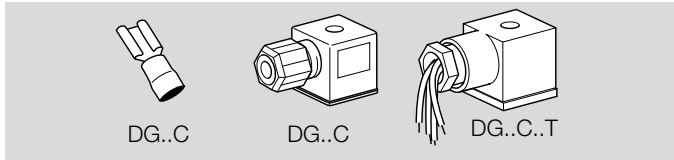
The lower housing sections with Rp 1/4 (NPT 1/4) internal thread are compatible with series DG..U, B, H, N.

5.1.2 DG..C..1, DG..C..9 for valVario controls



If when monitoring the inlet or outlet pressure and the interspace pressure both pressure switches should be fitted on the same side of the valve, only the combination DG..C..1 and DG..C..9 may be used for design reasons. The socket for the gas pressure switch DG..C..1 points towards the test point p_u (towards the inlet flange). The DG..C..9 is also optionally available for monitoring the interspace pressure p_z . The socket points towards the outlet flange.

5.2 Wiring



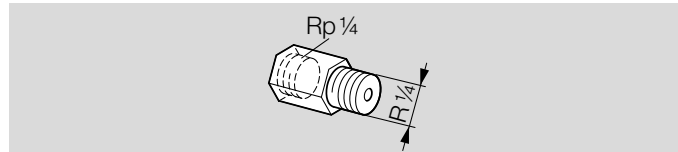
The pressure switches DG..C can be connected electrically using a tab receptacle (4.8 × 0.8) or using a socket. They are available with an NO contact or a change-over contact.

The pressure switch DG..CT, DG..CFT is connected electrically via a socket with ½" NPT thread and pre-wired connection leads. It is supplied with a change-over contact.

6 Accessories

6.1 Restrictor orifice

For CE certified pressure switches

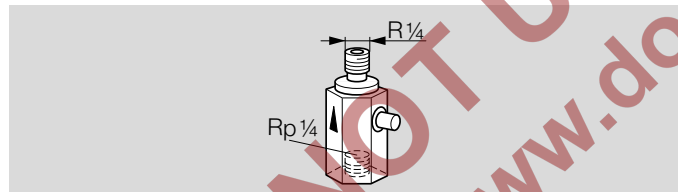


In case of high pressure fluctuations, we recommend using a restrictor orifice.

Order No.: 75456321

6.2 PIA

For CE certified pressure switches



To test the pressure switch, the DG..C..4, DG..C..5 can be vented using the PIA test key.

Order No.: 74329466

7 Technical data

Gas type: natural gas, town gas, LPG (gaseous), flue gas, biologically produced methane (max. 0.1 %-byvol. H₂S) and air.

Max. inlet pressure p_{max} = withstand pressure = 600 mbar (8.5 psig).

Max. test pressure for testing the entire system: temporarily < 15 minutes 2 bar (29 psig).

Switching capacity:

	U	I (cos φ =1)	I (cos φ =0.6)
DG..C	24 – 250 VAC	0.05 – 5 A	0.05 – 1 A
DG..C..G	5 – 250 VAC	0.01 – 5 A	0.01 – 1 A
	5 – 48 VDC	0.01 – 1 A	
DG..CT, DG..CFT	max. 240 VAC	max. 5 A	max. 0.5 A
DG..CTG, DG..CFTG	< 30 VAC/DC	max. 0.1 A	max. 0.05 A

If the DG..C..G (DG..T..G) has switched a voltage > 24 V (> 30 V) and a current > 0.1 A at φ = 1 or > 0.05 A at φ = 0.6 once, the gold plating on the contacts will have been burnt through. It can then only be operated at this power rating or higher power rating.

Maximum medium and ambient temperatures:

DG..C: -20 to +70°C (-4 to +158°F),

DG..CT: -15 to +60°C (5 to 140°F).

Long-term use in the upper ambient temperature range accelerates the ageing of the elastomer materials and reduces the service life (please contact manufacturer).

Storage temperature:

-20 to +40°C (-4 to +104°F).

Diaphragm pressure switch, silicone-free.

Diaphragm: NBR.

Housing: glass fibre reinforced PBT plastic with low gas release.

Lower housing section: AlSi 12.

Enclosure:

IP 54 pursuant to DIN EN 60529 with standard socket to DIN EN 175301-803,

IP 00 with AMP plug.

Safety class: 1.

Weight: 60 g (2.12 oz).

Weight: 270 to 320 g (9.5 to 11.3 oz), depending on equipment.

Recommended tightening torque:

Component	Tightening torque [Ncm]
Cover screws	45
Socket	45

7.1 Adjusting range, switching hysteresis

7.1.1 DG..C, DG..VC

The scale value is set to the switch-off point.

Type	Adjusting range* [mbar]	Switching hysteresis** [mbar]
DG 15C	3 – 15	0.7 – 2
DG 17VC	2 – 17	0.7 – 2
DG 30VC	8 – 30	1 – 2
DG 35C	5 – 35	1 – 2.5
DG 40VC	5 – 40	1 – 2.5
DG 45VC	10 – 45	1 – 2.5
DG 60VC	10 – 60	1 – 3
DG 110C	30 – 110	2 – 8
DG 110VC	30 – 110	2 – 8
DG 150VC	40 – 150	2 – 8
DG 250C	70 – 250	5 – 15
DG 300VC	100 – 300	6 – 20
DG 360C	100 – 360	6 – 20
DG 500VC	150 – 500	20 – 50

7.1.2 DG..CT, DG..VCT, DG..VCFT

The scale value is set to the switch-on point.

Type	Adjusting range* ["WC]	Switching hysteresis** ["WC]
DG 15CT	1.2 – 6.0	0.28 – 0.8
DG 17VCT, DG 17VCFT	0.8 – 6.8	0.28 – 0.8
DG 30VCT, DG 30VCFT	3.2 – 12.0	0.4 – 0.8
DG 35CT	2 – 14	0.4 – 1.0
DG 40VCT, DG 40VCFT	2 – 16	0.4 – 1.0
DG 45VCT, DG 45VCFT	4 – 18	0.4 – 1.0
DG 60VCT, DG 60VCFT	4 – 24	0.4 – 1.2
DG 110CT	12 – 44	0.8 – 3.2
DG 110VCT, DG 110VCFT	12 – 44	0.8 – 3.2
DG 150VCT, DG 150VCFT	16 – 60	0.8 – 3.2
DG 250CT	28 – 100	2.0 – 6.0
DG 300VCT, DG 300VCFT	40 – 120	2.4 – 8.0
DG 360CT	40 – 144	2.4 – 8.0

* Adjusting tolerance = $\pm 15\%$ of the scale value. Deviation from the switching point during testing pursuant to EN 1854 Gas pressure switches: $\pm 15\%$.

** Mean switching differential at min. and max. setting.

7.2 Safety-specific characteristic values for DG..C

For SIL	
Suitable for Safety Integrity Level	SIL 1, 2, 3
Diagnostic coverage DC	0
Type of subsystem	Type A to EN 61508-2, 7.4.3.1.2
Mode of operation	High demand mode pursuant to EN 61508-4:2001, 3.5.12
For PL	
Suitable for Performance Level	PL a, b, c, d, e
Category	B, 1, 2, 3, 4
Common cause failure CCF	> 65
Application of essential safety requirements	Satisfied
Application of tried-and-tested safety requirements	Satisfied
For SIL and PL	
	B _{10d} value
U = 24 V DC, I = 10 mA; U = 230 V AC, I = 4 mA	6,689,477 operating cycles
U = 24 V DC, I = 70 mA; U = 230 V AC, I = 20 mA	4,414,062 operating cycles
U = 230 V AC, I = 2 A	974,800 operating cycles
Hardware fault tolerance (1 component/switch) HFT	0
Hardware fault tolerance (2 components/switches, redundant operation) HFT	1
Safe failure fraction SFF	> 90%
Fraction of undetected common cause failures β	$\geq 2\%$

Max. service life under operating conditions:
10 years after date of production, plus max. 1/2 year
in storage prior to first use, or once the given number
of operating cycles has been reached, depending on
which is achieved first.

The pressure switches are suitable for single-channel
systems (HFT = 0) up to SIL 2/PL d, and up to SIL 3/PL
e when two redundant pressure switches are installed
in a double-channel architecture (HFT = 1), provided
that the complete system complies with the require-
ments of EN 61508/ISO 13849.

For a glossary of terms, see page 22 (Glossary).

7.2.1 Determining the PFH_D value, the λ_D value and the MTTF_d value

$$PFH_D = \lambda_D = \frac{1}{MTTF_d} = \frac{0.1}{B_{10d}} \times n_{op}$$

7.2.2 Calculating the PFH_D

Switch. cap.	
n _{op}	1/h
n _{op}	1/a
Cycle time	s
B _{10d}	
T _{10d}	a
PFH _D (1 DG..C)	1/h
PFD _{avg} (1 DG..C)	
suitable for	
PFH _D (2 DG..C)	1/h
PFD _{avg} (2 DG..C)	
suitable for	

PFHD = Probability of dangerous failure (HDM = high demand mode) [1/hour]

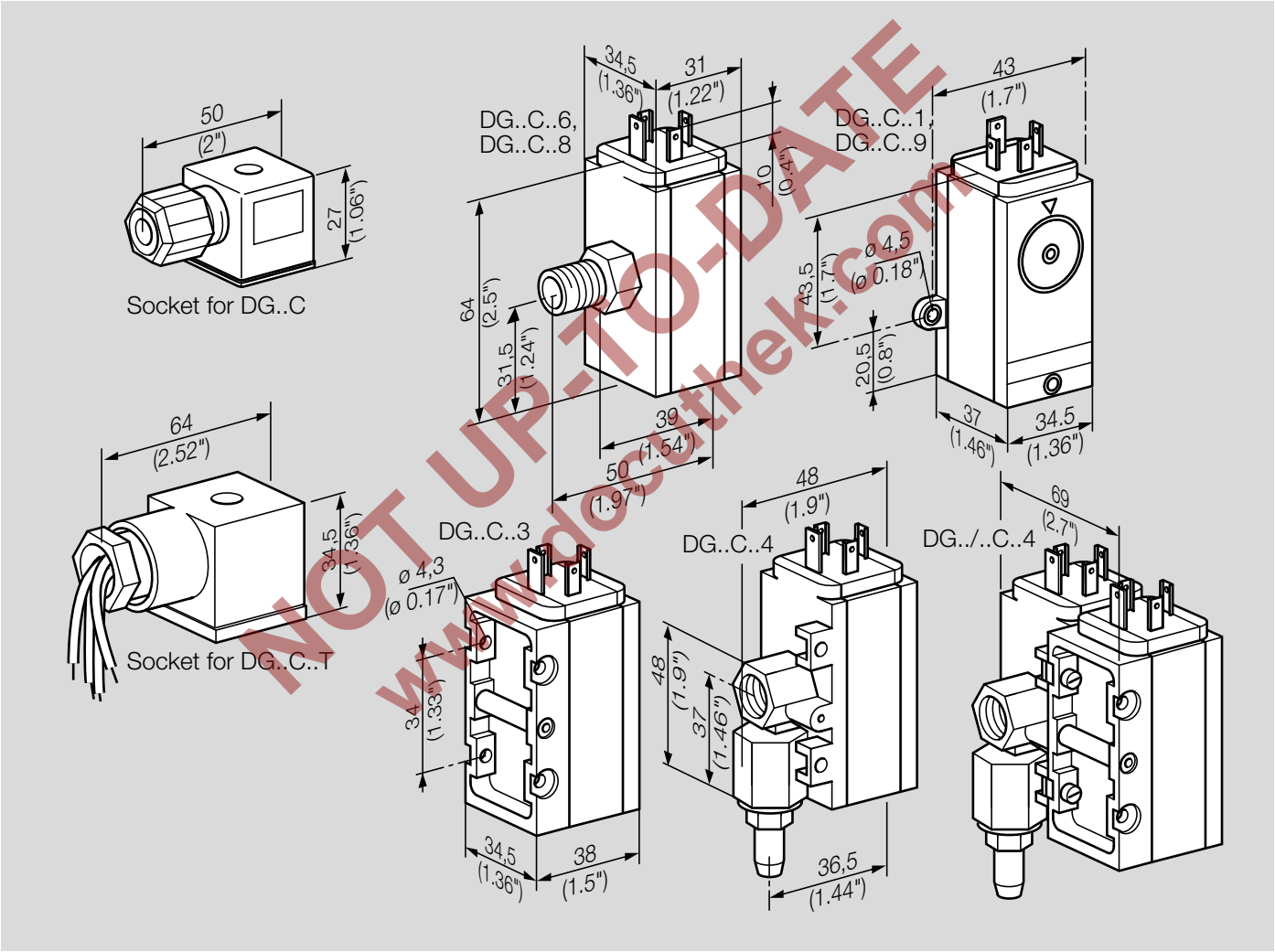
PFDavg = Average probability of dangerous failure on demand (LDM = low demand mode)

λD = Mean dangerous failure rate [1/hour]

MTTF_d = Mean time to dangerous failure [hours]

n_{op} = Demand rate (mean number of annual operations) [1/hour]

7.3 Dimensions



7.4 Converting units

See www.adlatus.org

8 Maintenance cycles

We recommend a function check once a year.

NOT UP-TO-DATE
www.docuthek.com

9 Glossary

9.1 Diagnostic coverage DC

Measure of the effectiveness of diagnostics, which may be determined as the ratio between the failure rate of detected dangerous failures and the failure rate of total dangerous failures

NOTE: Diagnostic coverage can exist for the whole or parts of a safety-related system. For example, diagnostic coverage could exist for sensors and/or logic system and/or final elements. Unit: %

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.2 Mode of operation

High demand mode or continuous mode

Operating mode, where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety-related system is greater than one per year or greater than twice the proof-test frequency

see EN 61508-4

9.3 Category

Classification of the safety-related parts of a control system in respect of their resistance to faults and their subsequent behaviour in the fault condition, and which is achieved by the structural arrangement of the parts, fault detection

and/or by their reliability

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.4 Common cause failure CCF

Failures of different items, resulting from a single event, where these failures are not consequences of each other

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.5 Fraction of undetected common cause failures β

Fraction of undetected failures of redundant components due to a single event, whereby these failures are not based on mutual causes

NOTE: β is expressed as a fraction in the equations and as a percentage elsewhere.

see EN 61508-6

9.6 B_{10d} value

Mean number of cycles until 10% of the components fail dangerously

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.7 T_{10d} value

Mean time until 10% of the components fail dangerously

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.8 Hardware fault tolerance HFT

A hardware fault tolerance of N means that $N + 1$ is the minimum number of faults that could cause a loss of the safety function

see IEC 61508-2

9.9 Mean dangerous failure rate λ_D

Mean rate of dangerous failures during operation time (T_{10d}). Unit: 1/h

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.10 Safe failure fraction SFF

Fraction of safe failures related to all failures, which are assumed to appear

see EN 13611/A2

9.11 Probability of dangerous failure PFH_D

Value describing the likelihood of dangerous failure per hour of a component for high demand mode or continuous mode. Unit: 1/h

see EN 13611/A2

9.12 Mean time to dangerous failure $MTTF_D$

Expectation of the mean time to dangerous failure

see EN ISO 13849-1:2008

9.13 Demand rate n_{op}

Mean number of annual operations

see EN ISO 13849-1

9.14 Average probability of dangerous failure on demand PFD_{avg}

(LDM = 1 – 10 switching cycles/year)

Average probability of a dangerous failure of the safety function on demand (LDM = low demand mode)

see EN 61508-6

Feedback

Finally, we are offering you the opportunity to assess this “Technical Information (TI)” and to give us your opinion, so that we can improve our documents further and suit them to your needs.

Clarity

Found information quickly
Searched for a long time
Didn't find information
What is missing?
No answer

Comprehension

Coherent
Too complicated
No answer

Scope

Too little
Sufficient
Too wide
No answer



Use

To get to know the product
To choose a product
Planning
To look for information

Navigation

I can find my way around
I got “lost”
No answer

My scope of functions

Technical department
Sales
No answer

Remarks

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The current addresses of our international agents
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